

U.S.-Bound GIs Are Victims

VC Rocket Hits Tan Son Nhut

Compiled From AP and UPI
and S&S Vietnam Bureau

SAIGON — The Viet Cong rocketed the civilian passenger terminal at Saigon's Tan Son Nhut International Airport early Monday.

Most of the attack's victims were American soldiers awaiting flights to the United States after completing their tours in the war zone.

Military spokesmen reported one American was killed and 21 others injured by the powerful rocket which slammed through the roof of the building.

There were casualties among Vietnamese at the airport but it was not immediately known how many.

The rocket, a Russian-designed 122mm missile, slammed into the two-story structure at 5:04 a.m. It was one of nine rounds that Communist gunners fired into the base through the night.

There was no report of damage from the other rockets but a U.S. spokesman said one U.S. airman was wounded.

The new rocket attack followed an attack Sunday on at least 47 major targets throughout South Vietnam. However, in contrast to the Communist lunar new year offensive, most of the attacks were with mortars and rockets.

The most serious ground attack appeared to be at Phan Thiet, a coastal city 90 miles east of Saigon, where Viet Cong (Continued on Back Page, Col. 1)



A U.S. military policeman walks on guard outside the control tower at Saigon's Tan Son Nhut airport. The tower was hit by a rocket Sunday morning but was not put out of action.

(AP Radiophoto)



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Nation's Power At All-Time High, LBJ Says

ABOARD U.S.S. CONSTELLATION (AP)—President Johnson told American fighting men Sunday the foe in Vietnam is testing the will of the United States and hopes to break it, but "quite certainly he will fail."

This fitted with word he gave earlier that U.S. troop strength in Vietnam will be raised beyond the authorized level of 525,000 "if we need to."

In a farewell talk to officers and crew on the flight deck of the giant carrier Constellation, cruising slowly a few miles off the Southern California shore, Johnson said his nation's powers is greater than that of all nations past—and promised to use it "with precision on the fronts of war and with principle on the fronts of peace."

He said, too:

"Until freedom stands strong in Asia, until this vast Pacific is a great community of peace, until the gun and the knife are sheathed, until neighbor fears no more, Americans cannot rest — Americans cannot sleep."

The President had spent Saturday night aboard the Constellation at the close of a day in which he flew from Washington (Continued on Back Page, Col. 1)

Hijacks Plane, Flies To Cuba

MARATHON, Fla. (AP) — A young man posing as a Michigan chemistry professor kidnaped a Florida pilot Saturday and forced him to fly to Cuba, officials said, but the 70-year-old professor said the hijacker might be his son.

The man gave his name as James W. Boynton of Kalamazoo, Mich., when he tried to hire an air taxi at Marathon Airport, according to Monroe County Deputy George Albert and Sheriff's Lt. Bill Carter.

James W. Boynton, however, an associate professor of chemistry at Western Michigan University in Kalamazoo, was contacted in Carson City, Mich., Sunday morning where he was visiting his adopted daughter.

Boynton, 70, said he thought it must have been his son Thomas, 31, who took the plane. He said Thomas left for Florida to look for a job on Monday after the (Continued on Back Page, Col. 1)

Amending the Fifth

PHOENIX, Ariz. (AP) — A witness in court here refused to answer questions. Miss Belva Belcher told the judge: "I'm not going to testify. I take the tenth commandment."

51 Washington Letters Found; One Hints of Arnold Treason

SCHENECTADY, N.Y. (AP) — A collection of 87 documents from the Revolutionary War period, including 51 identified as letters written by George Washington, has been discovered in a Vermont home and entrusted to the library of Union College here.

The college says the collection contains 11 previously unpublicized letters by Washington, as well as documents signed by a host of prominent figures of the period, including John Adams,

Benedict Arnold, Alexander Hamilton, John Jay, Benjamin Franklin, George Clinton, Nathaniel Greene, John Hancock, Thaddeus Kosciuszko, Charles Lee, Israel Putnam, Edmund Randolph and Philip Schuyler.

In announcing the find Sunday, the college said one letter gave Washington "his first hint of Benedict Arnold's treason."

This letter, the college said, was written by Lt. Col. John Jameson of the 2nd Light Dra-

goons, after the capture of a British officer who had been negotiating with Arnold. The communication contained a packet of papers found on the officer, among them plans for the American fortifications at West Point, the college said.

"I have sent the Prisoner to General Arnold," the letter said. "He is very desirous of the Papers and every thing being sent with him. But as I think they are of a very dangerous (Continued on Back Page, Col. 2)

10 Injured As Skiers' Lift Fails

OLEAN, N.Y. (AP) — Ten persons were injured, four seriously, when a 3,200-foot-long double chairlift filled with weekend skiers went out of control Saturday and careened backwards down a slope at the nearby Grosstal Ski Resort.

Some skiers on the lift were slammed against a concrete building housing the ski lift machinery at the bottom of the hill. Others fell or jumped from the chairlift to the snow 10 to 30 feet below.

State Police said a shear pin snapped in a clutch in the ski lift mechanism, causing the chairs to bob up and down and then slide back down the hill.

The injured were rushed by ambulances and station wagons to hospitals in this southwestern New York city.

Troopers said the four injured seriously were Gregg Hendryx, (Continued on Back Page, Col. 2)

Very Taxing Work

NEW YORK (UPI) — The average American will work two hours and 26 minutes a day in 1968 just to pay his federal, state and local taxes, the Tax Foundation Inc. has reported. This will be one minute more than he toiled to pay his taxes in 1967.

VC Spur Political Reaction

SAIGON (AP) — In the face of a second wave of nationwide Viet Cong attacks, more than 200 South Vietnamese politicians — many of them strongly opposed to the present government — met Sunday to form an anti-Communist front.

Observers were struck by the fact that the meeting—organized by pro-government figures and government officials close to Vice President Nguyen Cao Ky—attracted noted politicians who only a few months ago had vowed never to rest until Ky and President Nguyen Van Thieu had been removed from office.

The general theme of most of the speakers at the "People's Congress for National Salvation" was that the Communist attacks have created such a dangerous situation that all nationalist and anti-Communist groups must stick together.

Leading antigovernment figures at the convention were former premier Tran Van Huong, former chief of state Phan Khac Suu and Ha Thuc Ky, a leader of the VNQDD party, a Vietnamese Kuomintang.

All three men ran against Thieu and Ky in the presidential election last September, then claimed fraud when the two generals were elected.

The convention elected a standing committee, one of whose three members is Saigon lawyer Tran Van Tuyen.

The standing committee, and several advisory committees elected at Sunday's session, are expected to meet next Wednesday to begin drafting a national program "to organize the people for the safety of the nation."

Tan Son Nhut Traffic Light

SAIGON (AP) — Commercial air traffic at Saigon's Tan Son Nhut airfield was on-again, off-again Sunday following the Communist mortar and rocket attack.

An east bound jet from Air France landed at 2:30 p.m. and departed, a U.S. spokesman said, and Air Vietnam planned to resume its scheduled flights. The runways had been closed to everything except military operations flights up until noon. The base was hit again during the noon hour by three rockets and by a fourth rocket at 3:30 p.m.

The word seemed to be that if the commercial airlines wanted to take a chance and land, they could. Many lines, however, canceled their flights into Saigon or bypassed the city.

AF Using C130s as 'Gunships'

WASHINGTON (AP) — A small number of C130 cargo planes converted into "gunships" capable of spewing up to 48,000 bullets and shells a minute, are being assigned to the Vietnam war.

Air Force officials said a single AC130 has been combat tested in Vietnam and performed well.

They said the assignment of the additional modified C130s is not related to the battle at Khe

Pressure by Hanoi

Giap Forced to Attack, Report Says

SAIGON (AP) — North Vietnam's Gen. Vo Nguyen Giap, under political pressure in Hanoi, was forced into his recent and miscalculated military stepup, a U.S. embassy evaluation says.

Author of the report released Sunday was Douglas Pike, whose 1966 book "Viet Cong" is considered a definitive study. He examined recently captured documents and prisoner interrogation reports for the evaluation.

Pike, a U.S. Information Service officer, said the Communists expected this offensive to dis-

integrate the South Vietnamese Army, cause a popular uprising in support of the NLF, and seriously damage the U.S. military machine in South Vietnam.

The embassy issued Pike's findings Sunday, noting that "the paper does not constitute an official assessment or policy statement by the U.S. mission, but is made available as an evaluation reflecting the thoughts of a leading expert in Vietnamese studies."

Giap, North Vietnamese defense minister and the master

strategist against the French at Dien Bien Phu, "was working against time," Pike said, "trying to cope with what he knew is, in the long run, a strategically hopeless situation in which American firepower eats deeper and deeper into his reserves of men and arms."

"And he faced, in the world of politburo politics in Hanoi, increased pressure from younger members who see his preoccupation with military victory as a forlorn attempt to restage the Viet Minh war under vastly changed conditions in military

technology which has outdated many of the military techniques that were successful against the French."

Pike said Giap is convinced that major American military offensives against the Viet Cong have failed and have resulted in a stalemate.

"But, at the same time, a sort of mirror-image condition was developing in Hanoi. The stalemate which General Giap thought he saw was, of course, a stalemate in both directions.

"Dissension in the politburo developed over the lack of progress and particularly over the no-win policy for which General Giap held the chief responsibility."

Pike said there is nothing to suggest that the dissension had reached the schism level.

"But the stalemate condition which General Giap had proclaimed did have the effect of putting him on the defensive, and forced General Giap to act more precipitously in commitment than he prefers, being by nature a cautious man reluctant to act while loose ends remain," Pike wrote.

Therefore, Pike said, Giap ordered in the summer of last year the start of the last phase of his "three-phase strategy" — a general offensive and general uprising, with both military and political prongs.

Pike said captured documents show that Giap hopes the attacks against the major population centers and Allied military units would have these results:

- (1) That the Americans would crack, militarily and psychologically.
- (2) That American aircraft, communication and transportation techniques and well-coordinated command centers would be destroyed.
- (3) That the Vietnamese forces would be destroyed.
- (4) That the population would rise up in support of the Communists; "if not enthusiastically at least because it appears to be the wise individual thing to do."



Lt. Col. Norris Overly, shot down over north Vietnam Sept. 11, 1967, returns to the arms of his family in Fairborn, Ohio, late Saturday night. (AP Radlphoto)

Freed Pilots Say More PWs May Follow Them Home

WASHINGTON (AP) — Three U.S. pilots released by North Vietnam arrived at Washington just after midnight Saturday and said they understood there was a possibility that more pilots still being held might follow them home.

In a brief airport interview, Lt. Col. Norris Overly was asked if any more pilots may be released.

"We have been informed this is a possibility," he replied.

Overly, Capt. Jon D. Black, and Lt. (JG) David P. Matheny of the Navy, all looking healthy, said they were treated well dur-

ing their four to five months in North Vietnam prisons. But they would answer no questions on whether there had been brainwashing attempts or whether they would return to duty in Vietnam.

"I am sure all these things will be covered in a press conference we'll have later," Matheny said.

Matheny was asked about a statement attributed to him by Hanoi radio and appeared surprised until the reporter explained he was referring to a comment to the effect the pilots were glad to be home.

"Ah, yes," Matheny said with enthusiasm. "It's wonderful to be home. I am proud to be an American. I am proud to be a naval officer and an aviator."

Overly was flown to Wright-Patterson Air Force Base in Dayton, Ohio, and Black to Lackland Air Force Base at San Antonio, Tex. Both had tearful reunions with their families.

Matheny was taken by helicopter to Bethesda Naval Hospital on the northwest side of Washington.

Earlier a Defense Department spokesman had been asked why the three were being taken to hospitals when they appeared to need no medical attention.

"That's why they're going to hospitals," the spokesman said, "to ascertain whether they need medical care."

The three men were flown here from Manila with a refueling stop at Eielson Air Force Base in Alaska.

Mother Knows Best

WIDLESHAM, England (UPI) — Mrs. Stella Fuller sent her son a 21st birthday wish as he became of age to vote in national elections. In an ad in the local paper she said: "If you use your vote for Labor, I will disown you—Mother."

67,000 Hue Refugees

HUE, Vietnam (AP) — The battle for Vietnam's ancient imperial capital at Hue has created 67,000 refugees, an American official estimated Sunday.

He said that approximately 30,000 of the refugees were still in the northern half of the city, where the fight to eject Communist forces continued.

Another 17,000 made it to the city of Phu Bai, seven miles south of Hue.

The remaining 20,000 are in the south side of Hue, which has been freed of the invading North Vietnamese and Viet Cong forces.

Troops Honor Stricken Boy, 8

CHU LAI, Vietnam (UPI) — Richie Hall, an eight-year-old cancer victim from Dowagiac, Mich., has been named an honorary cannoner by the American Div.'s 3rd Bn., 16th Arty.

The move came after Richie wrote a letter to "a U.S. soldier in care of Brig. Gen. Charles Ryder, assistant commander of the American Div." expressing his support for the troops here.

Allies Struggle To Wipe Out Red Holdouts in Hue

DA NANG, Vietnam (UPI)—Some 3,200 American and Vietnamese troops are making slow progress against surviving Communist forces holed up in the walled city of Hue.

An Allied military source Sunday estimated it will take at least another week of house-to-house, bunker-to-bunker infantry fighting to root out the last of the 300 to 500 Communist defenders.

The allies have been using artillery armor, air strikes, rockets, rocket-armed helicopters and naval gunfire to reduce strong points.

So far, almost 1,500 Communists have been killed in the battle for the walled city on the north side of the Perfume River.

Allied casualties are described as moderate.

The Allied front is now about 700 meters from the south wall of the citadel where the Communists raised a large Viet Cong flag on the morning of Jan. 31. At last reports, the tattered flag was still flying.

More than 1,000 U.S. Marines are sweeping southward along the east wall. They have been gaining only about one block a day, literally blasting Communist defenses from heavily fortified positions in the massive wall and in the brick and concrete homes along it.

On their right flank is the elite Vietnamese army "Black Panther" Company, the Hoc Dao. They have been fighting con-

tinuously since the early morning of Jan. 31.

Next to the "Black Panthers" are other Vietnamese infantry units. They are bolstered by Vietnamese army elements cleaning out pockets of bypassed Communists in the northwest corner of the city.

Communist forces still control areas outside the walls to the east and west of the south wall and have supply lines to the outskirts of the city. This route is being periodically interdicted by helicopters and planes whenever the soggy skies allow sufficient visibility.

The military source said Sunday it appears the Communists may have set up their regimental headquarters in the imperial palace itself.



Refugees Flee Battle Area Near Saigon

Vietnamese families flee fighting in a north-eastern Saigon suburb Sunday afternoon. Vietnamese Marines, supported by tanks, were battling a Communist force. (AP Radiophoto)

Casualties in Vietnam

WASHINGTON (S&S) — The Defense Department has announced the following casualties in connection with the conflict in Vietnam.

KILLED IN ACTION

Army
CPL Richard Benjamin, Airmore, Ala.
PFC Garry F. Lawrence, McCalla, Ala.
SGT Eugene D. Treadwell, Tempe, Ariz.
SP4 Hukie Y. B. Ten, Pinon, Ariz.
PFC Earl T. Cussen, Buckeye, Ariz.
LTC Verlin E. Whan Jr., Riverside, Calif.
SSG Abraham Jackson, Seaside, Calif.
SP4 Jack P. Wilson Jr., Burbank, Calif.
PFC Allen H. Horano, Berkeley, Calif.
SP4 Benjamin A. Mandragon, Denver, Colo.

PFC Willie Garcia Jr., Pueblo, Colo.
SP4 George A. Lubesky Jr., Waterbury, Conn.
SGT Paul H. Cline, West Palm Beach, Fla.
SGT Larry B. Hulse, Gainesville, Ga.
SGT Walter T. Pannell, Atlanta, Ga.
SP4 Onnie Thompson Jr., Twin City, Ga.

MSG Marvin J. Pluta, Joliet, Ill.
PFC George W. Cruthird, Chicago, Ill.
SP4 Bradford L. Trout, New Castle, Ind.
PFC Lawrence K. Tuttle, Fort Wayne, Ind.
SP4 Ronald L. Means, Cherokee, Iowa.
PFC Robert F. Johnson Jr., Kansas City, Kan.

1LT Jerry R. Haley, Bastrop, La.
PVT David D. Eukel, New Orleans, La.
SP4 Paul A. Przelomski, Webster, Mass.
CPL Roderick M. Wright, Allen Park, Mich.
PFC Russell D. Chase, Warren, Mich.
SGT Robert W. Carter, Camden, N.J.
SP4 Randolph A. Edwards, Corona, N.Y.

PVT Paul R. Paduchowski, Rochester, N.Y.
SSG Temberl Crawford Jr., High Point, N.C.
SP4 Charles E. Phillips, Lansing, N.C.
CPL Norman E. Rose III, Oxford, N.C.
1LT Donald J. Russin Jr., Lorain, Ohio.
CPL Paul J. Bachman, Wadsworth, Ohio.

SSG Louis J. Orison, Francistown, Pa.
SGT Wayne T. Dillman, Philadelphia, Pa.
SP4 William D. Eltringham, Branchdale, Pa.
SP4 Richard E. Harner Jr., Chester, Pa.
SP4 James Johnson Jr., Eddystone, Pa.
MAJ Charles W. Lallis, Belvedere, S.C.
PFC David H. Green Jr., Awendaw, S.C.

SFC Felix A. Ruiz, San Antonio, Texas.
PFC Kenneth E. Hatchkiss, San Antonio, Texas.
SP4 Everett R. Johnson, Greenville, W.Va.
PFC William J. Anderson, Superior, Wisc.
PFC Michael A. Hodge, Sparta, Wisc.

Navy
BM2 William M. Comer, San Pedro, Calif.
HM3 Richard A. Swedeen St. Paul, Minn.

Marine Corps
CPL Michael W. Johns, Andalusia, Ala.
LCPL Michael D. Long, Oneonta, Ala.
PFC Robert H. Taylor, Birmingham, Ala.
2LT Peter L. Siller, Sacramento, Calif.
2LT Henry A. Wright, Oakland, Calif.
CPL Thomas H. C. Briggs, Santa Barbara, Calif.
CPL Pete F. Cruz, Chualar, Calif.
LCPL Arturo M. Ortiz, Los Angeles, Calif.
PFC Wayne A. Goelsch, Brentwood, Calif.

SGT Robert F. Lucero, Ault, Colo.
LCPL Stanley L. Baker, Westminster, Colo.
LCPL James E. Prideaux, Brighton, Colo.

LCPL Timothy M. Barmmer, Westport, Conn.
LCPL Charles E. Richards, South Norwalk, Conn.
PFC John A. McIntosh, Stratford, Conn.
2LT Michael W. Berkery, Stuart, Fla.
LCPL William T. Buckles, Hollywood, Fla.
PFC William C. Barnes Jr., Key West, Fla.
PFC Calvin O. Jackson, Chattahoochee, Fla.
PFC Jan M. Stoddard, Jacksonville, Fla.
LCPL Edward S. Thurmond, Augusta, Ga.

PFC Earl W. Watkins Jr., Decatur, Ga.
PFC John Gibson, Riceboro, Ga.
PVT Loren L. Pampel, Chicago, Ill.
CPL James A. Bollinger, Rochester, Ind.
SGT Robert E. Ewald, Whittemore, Iowa.
CPL Curtis D. Snicker, Cedar Rapids, Iowa.
CPL Nabor R. Tafolla, Oelwein, Iowa.
LCPL Irvy R. Bender, Pleasantville, Iowa.

LCPL Phillip L. Sullins, Weskan, Kan.
LCPL Donald G. Tuyen, Metairie, La.
SSG Paul D. Tinson, Baltimore, Md.
LCPL Arthur W. Lamorte, White Marsh, Md.
CPL John P. Jacobs, Boston, Mass.
LCPL Reginald J. Gauthreau, Wallham, Mass.
LCPL Charles J. Sheehan III, West Concord, Mass.

PVT William H. Blake, Hanover, Mass.
CPL James R. Hedger, Pontiac, Mich.
PFC Richard A. Voorhees, Montague, Mich.
CPL Lee C. Kinney, Welch, Minn.
PFC Ronald E. Konwinski, Omaha, Neb.
CPL Jonathan E. Sykes, Trenton, N.J.
SGT John E. Maloney Jr., Ridgewood, N.Y.

CPL Eugene E. Henry, Marathon, N.Y.
CPL Glenn A. Lucas, Jackson Heights, N.Y.
LCPL Edward J. Brewer, Elmira, N.Y.
LCPL Edward R. Murphy, Yorktown Heights, N.Y.
LCPL Daniel E. Sirianni, Buffalo, N.Y.
PFC Randall J. Schwendy, Copenhagen, N.Y.

PFC Darrel C. Trejohn, Manuel, N.Y.
CPL Gregory H. Lunnie, Westhope, N.D.
CPL William W. Norman, Charlotte, N.C.
LCPL Willie H. Adger, Greensboro, N.C.
LCPL Ronald E. Morris, Warrenton, N.C.

LCPL Robert L. Slanek, Galien, Ohio.
LCPL Michael D. Milburn, Elyria, Ohio.
LCPL John L. Murphy, Lorain, Ohio.
LCPL Gary L. Tallentire, Cincinnati, Ohio.
PFC Joe W. Greene, Canton, Ohio.
PFC Larry W. Kane, Ashland, Ohio.
PFC Edward E. Lang, Mansfield, Ohio.
PFC Paul J. Myers, Lorain, Ohio.

LCPL John A. Bradley, Cresson, Pa.
PFC Joseph F. Convery Jr., Chester, Pa.
PFC Thomas W. Laughlin, Blairsville, Pa.
PFC Timothy D. McClugh, Springfield, Pa.

PFC James J. Peiray, Modena, Pa.
PFC William L. Young Jr., York, Pa.
PVT Richard S. Darsch, Pittsburgh, Pa.
PVT John A. Suragalski, Tidloffe, Pa.
PVT Jerry T. Tillery, Philadelphia, Pa.
PFC Joseph Conabell, Providence, R.I.
PFC Vern J. Fried, Aberdeen, S.D.
PFC James L. Fuchs, Vermillion, S.O.
PFC Robert W. Campbell, Nashville, Tenn.

PFC Andrew M. Larson, Johnson City, Tenn.
CPL Jimmy A. Metcalf, Dallas, Texas.
CPL Enrique Vasquez, El Paso, Texas.
LCPL Johnnie B. Jackson, Odessa, Texas.
PFC James E. Croven III, Antonio, Texas.
PFC Nolberto Frousto Jr., Del Rio, Texas.
PFC Jimmie C. Palma, Dallas, Texas.
PFC Ernest V. Taylor, Dallas, Texas.
PFC Bill N. Dalton, Kearns, Utah.
1LT Gordon B. Matthews, Norfolk, Va.

SGT Glen T. Lunsford, Danville, Va.
PFC Robert L. Wilson Jr., Norfolk, Va.
LCPL Howard D. Akehurst, Vancouver, Wash.
PFC Robert S. Lutz, Oceanamoc, Wisc.

Air Force
SSGT Andrew E. Lebeau Jr., Moberge, S.O.

DIED OF WOUNDS
Marine Corps
LCPL David R. Jones, Spring Valley, Calif.
PFC Troy H. Hunter, Colorado Springs, Colo.
GYSGT John J. Hughes, Jacksonville, Fla.
LCPL Robert I. Rice, Newberry, Fla.
PFC David M. Anderson, Miami, Fla.
PFC Thomas L. Beierle, Waukegan, Ill.
CPL Michael X. Sullivan, Dorchester, Mass.

LCPL Sanford K. Archer, Melrose, Mont.
LCPL Robert J. Webb, Brownstown, Wash.

MISSING TO DEAD—HOSTILE
Army
PFC Edward W. Hughey, Sprott, Ala.
PFC James R. Holt, Jacksonville, Ark.
1LT Arthur R. Timboe, San Francisco, Calif.
SP4 Walter J. Soular, Paramount, Calif.

PFC Robert A. Reyes, Richmond, Calif.
WO John H. Cannon, Jay, Fla.
SP4 Edward McCorvey Jr., Pensacola, Fla.
SP4 Fred K. M. Hatada, Hilo, Hawaii.
SGT Darly Scott Jr., Chicago, Ill.

SFC Ronnie R. Roush, Laurel, Md.
SGT Roy T. O'Keefe, Adelphi, Md.
CPL James D. Youngham, Glen Burnie, Md.
PFC Kenneth W. Coates, West Branch, Mich.
PFC Leon Anderson Jr., Senatobia, Miss.

SSG Charles R. Mensch, Kansas City, Mo.
SP4 Willard V. Johnson, Yerington, Nev.
PFC John W. McGuire, Manchester, N.H.
SP4 Marcello J. Loforo, Bronx, N.Y.
SP4 Johnnie N. Sheares Jr., Brooklyn, N.Y.

PFC Charles J. Bauer Jr., Long Island City, N.Y.
PFC John T. Brown, Staten Island, N.Y.
1LT Kenneth H. Albritton, Raleigh, N.C.
SP4 Charles L. Daniel, Durham, N.C.
SGT Gary L. Gabel, Fremont, Ohio.
SP5 Robert J. Oates, Cincinnati, Ohio.
2LT Guy E. Greenfield, Lake Oswego, Ore.

SP4 Jack R. McKee, Portland, Ore.
SP4 Robert W. Neher, Portland, Ore.
1LT David R. Wilson, Oreland, Pa.
SSG Steven W. Ziegler, Zellenople, Pa.
SGT Kenneth L. Rogers, Pittsburgh, Pa.
SP4 Harold E. Cashman Jr., Holboro, Pa.

SP4 Dennis J. Miller, Pottstown, Pa.
1LT Timothy L. Worff, Tullahoma, Tenn.
SP4 Ray C. Banks, Winooski, Texas.
WO William R. Lee, Virginia Beach, Va.
SFC John E. Gagnon, Alexandria, Va.

Marine Corps
CAPT James D. Mills, Laguna Beach, Calif.
Air Force
SGT Jose G. Abarca, Long Beach, N.J.

SSG Paul D. Shamp Jr.
SGT Aurelio R. Ramon Jr.
SGT Edward C. Diering
SGT Patrick A. Whitlock
SGT Ronald E. Ray
SGT Darrel Z. Wright
SGT Jerry G. Sims
SGT Robert Torres
SGT Ronald J. Johnson
SGT Robert E. Hayhurst
SP5 Lee R. King
CPL Barry L. Volk
SP4 Gregory A. Muszalski
SP4 Charles C. Grisham
SP4 Larry H. Jones
SP4 Raymond N. Curley
SP4 William R. Truett
SP4 Delbert B. Duniter
SP4 Richard L. Kuntz
SP4 Steven P. Linna
SP4 Denny M. Jackson
SP4 John A. Wilcox Jr.
SP4 Lewis J. Newberry
SP4 Robert R. Lord
SP4 Albert R. Fogg III
SP4 Bernard J. Burns Jr.
SP4 Michael B. Cervera
SP4 George J. Goffwald Jr.
SP4 Ronald L. Brown
SP4 Peter R. Hansen Jr.
SP4 Allan B. Sebastian
PFC Frank A. Azzarito Jr.
PFC Timothy C. Reithmann
PFC Wallace L. Giesen
PFC Gary E. F. Le Blanc
PFC Clay S. Poscaver
PFC David L. Rickels
PFC Wayne L. Galon
PFC Edward Manowski
PFC John L. Jones
PFC William C. Quebodeaux Jr.
PFC Harold S. Higganbotham
PFC Hoy T. Lau
PFC Dennis D. Nehring
PFC Ralph A. Kealing
PFC Larry G. Barham
PFC Anthony Degerolamo Jr.
PFC James L. Griffin
PFC David Guinanes
PFC Joe W. Grigsby
PFC Steve N. Lambert
PFC Richard M. Vasko
PFC Wayne D. Boyer
PFC Douglas E. Hoback
PFC Michael Mullervy
PFC Thomas A. Marchut
PFC Charles C. Hale Jr.
PVT Robert L. Chapman

Marine Corps
MSGT John D'Adamo Jr.
SSG William E. Ranc
SGT Charles J. Eisenacher
CPL William P. Tallaferra

DIED NOT AS A RESULT OF HOSTILE ACTION
Army
SP4 Steven A. Guthrie, Fontana, Calif.
Air Force
SGT Roger G. Leadbetter, Van Nuys, Calif.

MISSING TO DEAD—NON HOSTILE
Army
SP4 John H. Edwards Jr., Savannah, Ga.

Navy
AX3 Armando Chapa Jr., San Jose, Calif.
AX3 William F. Farris, West Salem, Ill.
LTJG Thomas P. Jones, Brunswick, Maine.
AXCS Donald F. Burnell, Brunswick, Maine.
ADRI James C. Newman Jr., Brunswick, Maine.

MISSING NOT AS A RESULT OF HOSTILE ACTION
Army
SFC Henry Adler
SP5 Joseph D. Puggi
SP4 Joseph E. Helman
PFC Ronald L. Koch
PFC Donald L. Williams

CORRECTION
PFC Gary L. Trujillo, USMC, change status from died not as a result of hostile action to killed in action.
CPL Henry G. Crigger, USMC, change status from died not as a result of hostile action to killed in action.
LCPL John H. Hawley, USMC, change status from died not as a result of hostile action to killed in action.

Chopper Rescues 4 From Sea

SAIGON (UPI) — Navy Lt. (j.g.) Ronald Lewis had just set his helicopter down aboard the missile cruiser Providence when he saw another Navy chopper, with four persons aboard, splash into the South China Sea.

"All I could think about was getting my aircraft off the deck," said Lewis, of Jacksonville, Fla. He ordered his passengers to stay aboard and headed for the stricken helicopter.

Lewis guided the chopper over one of the downed chopper's passengers and Aviation Electrician's Mate 3.C. Joe Feliciano of the Bronx, N.Y., lowered the sling and pulled him aboard.

The other three passengers were on a life raft and came aboard Lewis' chopper the same way. Soon, they were on the way to safety.

U.S. Gives S. Viet 6 'Flying Boxcars'

SAIGON (UPI) — The U.S. Air Force Sunday announced the delivery of six C119 "Flying Boxcar" cargo planes to the South Vietnamese Air Force.

The C119s will be used to supplement the C47 "Skytrain" planes now used for cargo airlifts by the South Vietnamese.

The "Flying Boxcars" have twice the cargo capacity of the C47 and can go nearly 2,000 miles without refueling, the U.S. Air Force said.

Air Force Support Praised

S&S Washington Bureau

TAMPA, Fla. — Air-power's outstanding achievement of the Vietnam war is the close support it is giving Army troops in combat, according to Air Force Vice Chief of Staff General Bruce K. Holloway.

And while it is close today it must be even closer in the future as the Army becomes more airmobile in years to come, the general said in a speech here.

An indication of the effectiveness of today's air support is seen in an analysis of 15,000 recent tactical sorties. Heavy enemy fire was cut to light fire in half of the tactical aircraft strikes and eliminated in 23 percent of the cases, Holloway said. Moderate fire was also cut to none in 75 percent of the operations and light fire was entirely eliminated in every case.

In the battle of Dak To in Vietnam's western highlands last November, the U.S. 4th Inf. Div. commander credited at least 70 percent of the enemy casualties to air-power with some pilots dropping their ordnance on enemy positions as close as 15 feet to friendly forces, Holloway pointed out.

"Today in Southeast Asia we have the best air-ground teamwork—the best teamwork between the Air Force and the Army—in the history of warfare," he declared.

Looking to the future the Air Force general said an even closer teamwork will be needed because the Army is achieving airmobility at the expense of some firepower. This reduced firepower, he explained, can be made up by more close air support in sustained operations of the future.

Holloway also said specialized aircraft will be needed to provide a higher volume of close support.

The ideal airplane the Air Force is now designing, called the AX, will combine many of the characteristics of today's tactical fighters. It will be simple, rugged, less vulnerable to ground fire, operate from crude airfields, be highly maneuverable at low speeds, have a low cost and high payload with a fairly high top speed of between 460 and 480 knots.

Now and in the future, Holloway declared, "there is no Air Force mission which we regard as more vital than that of providing close air support for the Army."

Applies If Earnings Total \$600

U.S. Citizens Must File Federal Tax

By CAPT. SALIM J. BALADY
Americul Div. Legal Assistance Officer

CHU LAI, South Vietnam—If you are a U.S. citizen or a resident alien of the U.S. under 65 years of age, single or married, and earned a gross income of

First of four parts.

\$600 or more during the past year, you must file a Federal Income Tax Return.

The requirement for filing a return must be met even though no tax is due after deductions and tax credits have been subtracted from your gross income. In cases where gross income is less than \$600, but federal tax

has been withheld, a return must be filed in order to obtain a refund of the monies withheld.

Federal law requires that tax returns be filed on or before the 15th day of the fourth month following the close of the individual's tax year, unless that day is a Saturday, Sunday, or legal holiday.

If the due date for filing a return or making a tax payment falls on Saturday, Sunday, or a legal holiday, you may wait until the next day.

Since April 15, 1968, falls on a Monday, persons basing their tax computation on the calendar year 1967 will be required to file their returns not later than that date.

Calendar year taxpayers who are not in the U.S. or Puerto Rico on April 15 are allowed an automatic two-month extension of the filing date. A similar extension is also available to taxpayers making returns for a fiscal year who are not in the U.S. or Puerto Rico on the date their returns are due.

Military personnel on duty outside the U.S. and Puerto Rico are also allowed this automatic extension.

Special provision has also been made for servicemen, Red Cross workers and federal civilian employees serving in Vietnam. Under the current tax law, their returns will not be due un-

til 180 days after they leave Vietnam.

If they were hospitalized outside the U.S. as a result of such service, the return is due 180 days after they leave Vietnam or their release from the hospital, whichever is later.

This extension is also available to the spouse of such taxpayers who wish to file a joint return. It does not apply to those cases in which the husband and wife wish to file a separate return.

A statement indicating your absence from the U.S. and Puerto Rico on the due date must accompany your return if you wish to take advantage of an automatic extension.



Mascot Caught Cat-Napping

Sam often sleeps in S.Sgt. Edgar Jenkins' out-basket. Sam is a bobcat, and the mascot of the 25th Inf. Div.'s 1st Bn., 5th Inf. "Bobcats." (USA Photo by Spec. 5 George Pullen)

7 Nations Sending Aid to South Viets

SAIGON (AP) — At least seven nations are sending supplies to South Vietnam following an appeal by the Foreign Office for aid to civilian victims of the recent heavy fighting, a U.S. Mission compilation shows.

The United States, the United Kingdom, Australia, Japan, Italy, Nationalist China and Malaysia are sending food, medicine, commodities, building materials and other relief supplies. The International Red Cross, UNICEF and the United Nations World Health Office also are sending supplies.

The assistance includes:

Australia—Donations of about 540 tons of corrugated iron valued at \$100,000 for emergency roofing in Saigon. Vaccines, including 50,000 antityphoid and 1,750 antiplague doses are being freighted by air.

China—5,000 tons of rice are being sent by the government, and collection centers are being set up on Taiwan to receive donations for Vietnamese refugees.

Japan—The government has contributed \$20,000, while private collections so far have amassed 1,500 pounds of noodles and dehydrated rice, two tons of powdered milk, a ton of dried food and a quantity of medicines.

United Kingdom—A \$600,000 emergency aid grant has been made to the South Vietnamese government.

Malaysia—Prime Minister Tunku Abdul Rahman has presented a \$10,000 check to the South Vietnamese ambassador in Kuala Lumpur.

UNICEF—The United Nations Emergency Children's Fund has

been authorized to provide immediate assistance worth \$100,000, including 200 medical kits, 300 tons of skim milk and 50,000 pounds of soap. UNICEF also will handle a Swiss government offer of 25 tons of whole milk, 40,000 blankets from Japan and fresh food to be purchased locally or in Bangkok.

WHO—The World Health Office is preparing to send 400,000 anticholera doses, 100,000 antityphoid doses, 300,000 combination vaccine doses, 300,000 antibiotic doses and 300,000 chloramphenicol doses.

The International Red Cross—\$23,000 is being sent to its Saigon representative.

The United States—In addition to regular aid through the U.S. Agency for International Development, Ambassador Ellsworth Bunker recently presented President Nguyen Van Thieu a \$25,000 check from the embassy's special fund.

Gift Shows GI Concern

DAU TIENG, Vietnam (IO) — When the Viet Cong activities over Tet resulted in the destruction of the home of one of Hq. Co., 2nd Bn. 22nd Inf. Vietnamese kitchen helpers, the men of the company chipped in to help.

When the kitchen workers returned to work after the Tet holiday, S. Sgt. Herschell L. Antee, of Columbus, Ga., the company mess sergeant, noticed that one of the women seemed distraught. He learned that a Viet Cong terrorist squad had visited her house the previous night, and that during the night her house caught fire, destroying all her family's possessions.

Immediately Antee set about organizing a collection for the woman. Over \$350 was donated by the men of Hq. Co. to help set the family back on its feet.

Turks Aid Vietnamese

ANKARA (AP)—The Turkish Red Crescent organization has decided to make an as-yet unspecified amount of monetary aid available to both North and South Vietnam to relieve suffering caused in the recent flareup of the Vietnam War. In announcing the move, Red Crescent chairman Riza Cerceci said "our motive is purely humanitarian."

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Tuesday, Feb. 20, 1968

S. Viet Economy Hard-Hit by Red Attacks

SAIGON (AP)—The nationwide Communist attacks have seriously disrupted South Vietnam's economy and destroyed major parts of the country's fledgling industries, U.S. economic officials said.

The officials said there was no crisis, but the economy might not return to its pre-attack levels, especially if there is further fighting in the cities and provincial and district capitals.

They said damage to industries in and around Saigon, previously considered secure, was bound to affect the willingness of foreigners to invest in Vietnam's economy.

How long the economic disruption will continue is hard to

determine, the economists said, but this depends on what kinds of attacks occur in the future.

"There clearly will be higher government expenditures, and collecting taxes will be more difficult," one official said, adding, "the mobilization (of 65,000 men by June 30) will put stresses on the system and importers are unlikely to be as vigorous in bringing things in. Domestic production will be down."

The problems of keeping inflation within reasonable bounds also will be made more difficult, the officials said.

A prime indicator of the chaotic economy could be seen in figures released Friday which

showed that food prices in Saigon last week were up 80 per cent since the attacks began Jan. 29. Over-all prices were up 61 per cent.

Rice, which represents more than 15 per cent of the Viet-

Influenza Kills 20

JAKARTA (UPI)—At least 20 persons, mostly children, have died in the central Moluccas, Eastern Indonesia, during the past month because of an influenza epidemic, according to Jakarta press reports. The reports did not identify the type of influenza, but said most of the victims were not older than three years.

namese diet, was up in price between 80 and 90 per cent earlier last week, but fell slightly at the end of the week.

Fish is up 100 per cent, chicken 131 per cent, onion shoots 700 per cent, cabbage more than 300 per cent, duck eggs 125 per cent and so on.

The officials expect the prices to fall eventually, but experience indicates they will never fall to their previous levels.

The high prices are mainly caused by the battle-limited traffic between Saigon and its major suppliers—the vegetable producing center in Dalat north of the capital and the Mekong Delta to the south.

Rocket Hits Saigon Air Passenger Terminal

(Continued From Page 1)
overran the prison and provincial hospital and took control of about a fifth of the city.

Over 500 prisoners were released from the Phan Thiet prison by the Reds, but according to U.S. officials many of the released prisoners had been recaptured or shot. The prison was retaken by government troops later in the day but last reports said fighting was still going on in the city.

Elsewhere, the I Corps tacti-

cal zone — northernmost South Vietnam—which most U.S. officials felt would be the main objective of the second wave of Red attacks, reported only two significant Communist actions.

The hardest hit of the corps areas was III Corps, the tactical zone around Saigon. The Reds launched 23 major attacks in the provinces surrounding the capital city and in the city itself.

Here is a rundown on major attacks in the Saigon area Sunday:

Saigon—Fifteen mortar rounds fell into the municipal police compound in the center of Saigon, killing seven policemen and wounding thirty-four. Vietnamese troops fought two ground engagements near the city. They reported killing 100 guerrillas near the Quang Trung training center northwest of the capital and 80 at the Binh Loi bridge in Saigon's northeastern suburbs.

Tan Son Nhut Airfield—About 100 mortar and 122mm rocket rounds destroyed four aircraft, damaged others, killed two U.S. servicemen and wounded 64. The base chapel was destroyed by a direct rocket hit. A control tower, a hangar and several other buildings also were damaged. Two rounds hit one of the runways, but the damage was quickly repaired and the runway reopened. "Pentagon East," the U.S. military headquarters for Gen. William C. Westmoreland, was bracketed by enemy shells. At noon, three more rocket rounds fell into the sprawling base and a fourth one came whizzing in at 3:30 p.m.

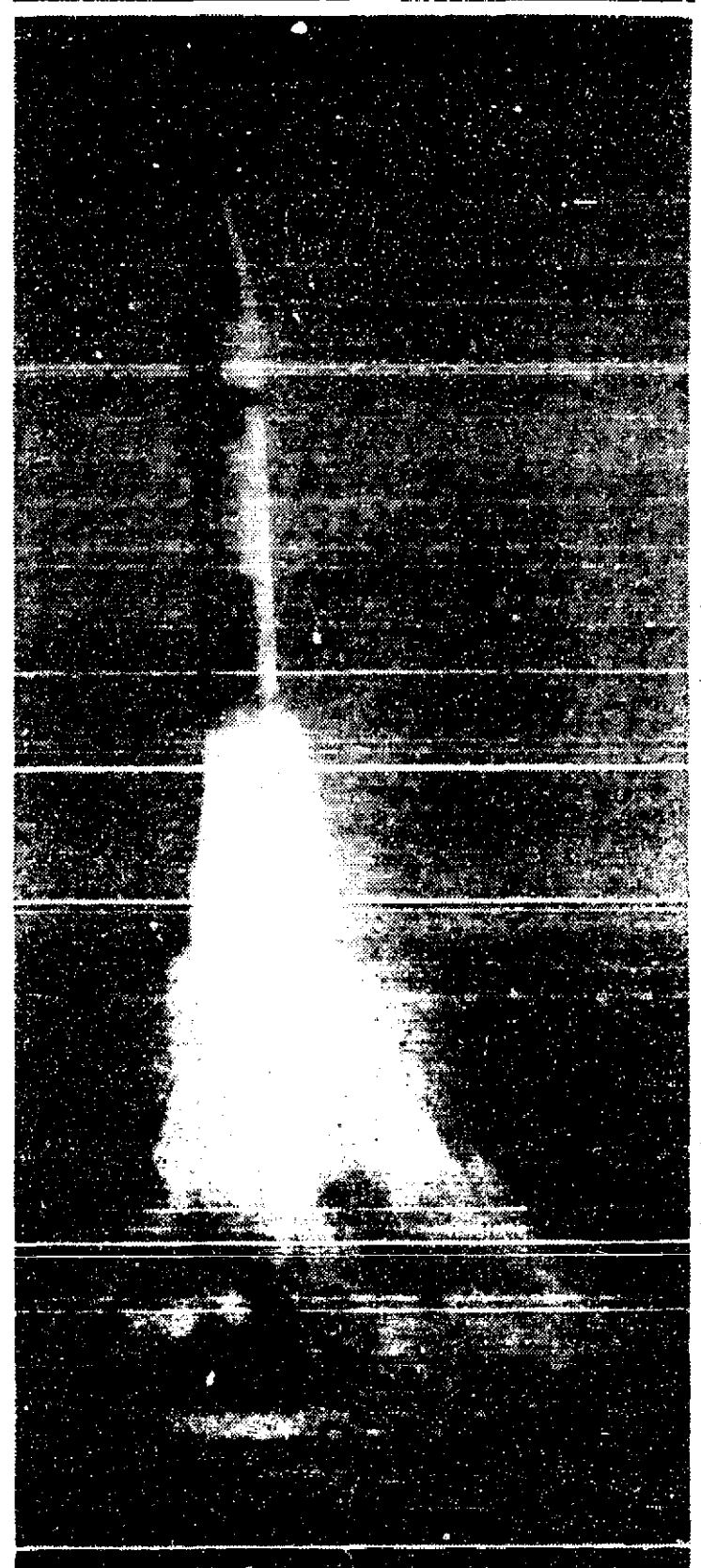
Bien Hoa Air Base—One aircraft was destroyed and others were damaged by a barrage of 25 big 122mm rockets and 21 mortar rounds on the base 13 miles north of Saigon.

Cat Lai—The Viet Cong used mortars, bazooka-type rockets and heavy ground fire in an attack on the ammunition off-loading dock seven miles east of Saigon. Several fires were started but no ammunition exploded. The SS Explorer, a military transport, took several mortar rounds and sustained minor structural damage. Nineteen merchant seamen were wounded.

While the "second wave" attacks were as widespread as the Communists' biggest offensive of the war during the lunar new year Jan. 29-31, they were not as severe and sustained. The first offensive sent 60,000 Viet Cong troops into the streets of 35 major South Vietnamese cities, and they held out in many of them for days.

The headquarters of Gen. Westmoreland said in a communique: "This second Communist offensive appeared to be enemy retaliation for the failure of the Vietnamese people to rally to their cause during the recent Tet lunar new year offensive."

The U.S. command said that 10 firing positions were found northwest of the Tan Son Nhut Air Base Sunday morning. However, the Communists fired four more 122mm rocket rounds into the air base during the afternoon.



1st Polaris Launch by British Sub

A Polaris A-3 missile roars skyward from the Atlantic off Cape Kennedy after an underwater launch from the British submarine HMS Resolution. The firing was termed a complete success by the U.S. Air Force, which tracked the missile on its 15-minute flight to an ocean target 1,500 miles away. It was the first of at least two test launchings of the U.S.-made rocket from the British Navy's first nuclear powered Polaris submarine. (AP Radiophoto)

Johnson's Message

(Continued From Page 1)
to Pope Air Force base in North Carolina and El Toro Marine Air Station in California to bid a personal farewell to paratroopers and Marines taking off for Vietnam in the face of a new outburst of Communist assaults there.

Hijacker—

(Continued From Page 1)
Job Corps Center where he worked as a research man near Battle Creek, was closed down.

"I got a phone call from him Friday night, but he didn't say a darn thing about going to Cuba," said James Boynton.

The charter service was overbooked so a pilot identified as Ronald W. Dorin of Coral Gables, Fla., offered to give Boynton a ride to Miami, Albert said.

Once airborne, deputies said, the plane flew to Cuba and a radio message from Dorin indicated the plane landed there safely at 4:20 p.m.

Boynton identified himself as assistant professor of chemistry at Western Michigan University.

Dr. Lillian Meyer, head of the chemistry department at Western Michigan, said James Boynton was associate professor of chemistry there but said Boynton was a man in his 70s who had given his auto to a son.

The man at Marathon Airport was described as well-dressed.

His car, a 1964 Vallant, was found at the airport with a note addressed "to whom it may concern," instructing officers to turn the car over to his son.

"It's definitely not a hoax," Albert said.

He said the Federal Bureau of Investigation was investigating the case.

Marathon is in the Florida Keys, about midway between Miami and Key West and is one of the closest U.S. land points to Cuba.

The commander-in-chief said he had to depart shortly for the return to Washington, to the duties which always await.

But he didn't go straight to Washington. Instead he flew from the deck of the Constellation to Palm Desert, Calif., by helicopter. He landed on the 11th fairway of the El Dorado country club—in front of the winter home of former President Eisenhower.

Eisenhower had only a few yards to walk to meet the President when Johnson stepped down from the helicopter with a hand outthrust.

(The President brought Eisenhower an optimistic report on the Vietnam war, asserting the Communists had failed to achieve their objectives in the recent offensive and may have left the South Vietnamese government stronger than ever before, UPI reported.)

(After lunch, Johnson and Ike played a round of golf at the Seven Lakes Country Club.)

The President was up at 6 a.m., ship time, and had 20 of the Constellation's crew as breakfast guests. They came from the District of Columbia and 12 states—five of them from Texas.

The President went to religious services conducted on the hangar deck by a Baptist chaplain, Cmdr. Homer E. Kee.

At Johnson's first stop Saturday at Pope AFB he saw a planeload of troops from the famed 82nd Airborne Div. board a windowless jet transport for the long hop to Vietnam.

Later, Johnson stopped at El Toro to bring his personal best wishes to a planeload of Marines from the 27th Regimental Landing Team bound for the same destination.

The President boarded the already loaded C-141 Starlifter at El Toro and drew applause from the fully equipped Marines when he told them, "I wouldn't want you to go to Vietnam, but General Westmoreland said he needs you. You go with my hopes and my prayers that God will keep you safe."

51 Letters by Washington

(Continued From Page 1)
tendency...it (is) more proper your Excellency should see them."

The collection was discovered by John L. Hawkes at his country home in Dorset, Vt. Dr. Codman Hislop, of Dorset, a professor of American civilization at Union College, recognized their historical value after Hawkes asked him to select documents for a Washington's birthday exhibit at a grammar school in 1964.

The entire collection was moved to the Union College library in 1966 "for the purpose of scholarly research." It will be exhibited to a group of historians on March 9.

The college said the bulk of material consisted of documents related to the career of Maj. Gen. Alexander McDougall, an

ancestor of the present owner of the papers.

Hamilton is represented, the college said, by a previously undisclosed letter in which, while a student at King's College, now Columbia University, he apologized for failure to return borrowed books he said had been stolen from his room.

The Washington letters, ten of them written from the Continental Army's winter quarters at Valley Forge, Pa., deal mostly with military matters.

Hawkes said he took possession of the papers in 1958, when his mother gave him a dilapidated suitcase full of "family papers" from their Long Island home.

He noted that many papers were marked "copied" and assumed that they had no

particular value. Later he decided that his original assumption was wrong and that the mark meant that copies had been made of the documents.

W. Wright Hawkes, the present owner's grandfather, had donated a collection of McDougall's papers to the New York Historical Society in 1870. The society received another gift of historical papers in 1940, upon the death of R. Forbes Hawkes, the father of John L. Hawkes.

The documents now at Union were evaluated and authenticated by Dr. Edwin K. Tolan, librarian of the Schaffer Library at Union College. Illegible portions of Jameson's letter were deciphered with the help of the New York State Police Laboratory's document section.

World Weather

USAF Weather Center
TOKYO AREA

Monday Night: Mostly Fair; Low Mid 20s
Tuesday: Mostly Fair; High Low 40s

TEMPERATURES			
Feb. 18			
	H	L	
Bangkok	91	74	Naha
Chitose	27	-2	Saigon
Guam	86	70	Seoul
Izuka	50	37	Teipel
Manila	86	70	Tokyo
	H	L	
Aibony	33	12	L.A.
Anchorage	25	21	Melbourne
Atlanta	52	29	Memphis
Boston	46	20	Miami
Chitose	21	05	Moscow
Cincinnati	24	20	N. Orleans
Cleveland	15	10	N.Y.
Denver	37	14	Paris
Detrolt	15	08	Phila.
Fort Worth	47	33	Phoenix
Hong Kong	56	51	Singapore
Honolulu	79	67	St. Louis
Houston	79	13	Salt Lake
Jakarta	97	69	San Fran.
K. Lumpur	41	34	Seattle
London	45	30	Sydney
			Wash.

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Skiers—

(Continued From Page 1)
9, of Bradford, Pa., who suffered a skull fracture; Robert Fleischmann, 15, of Toronto, Ont., fractured pelvis; Virginia Bristol, 39, of Orchard Park, near Buffalo, spine fracture; and Elaine Rath, 30, of Cleveland, Ohio, compound fracture of vertebrae.

At least four others suffered fractured arms or legs.

Jim Hinkle, a lift operator, said, "I had no idea what happened. The thing started shaking and then started slipping backward fast."

Officials said about 100 persons were on the lift at the time.

The ski patrol used snow vehicles to help other skiers to safety.

The chairlift carries about 1,000 skiers an hour.